

### Study Background & Methodology

#### **Background**

 Cox Automotive has been researching the car buying journey for 12 years to monitor key changes in consumer buying behaviors

#### Goal

Inform strategic decisions for Cox Automotive and OEM
 & Dealer clients

#### **In-Field Dates**

August 5 – September 3, 2021

#### Respondents

 Online survey with consumers that have purchased or leased a vehicle from September 2020 to August 2021 (vehicle year must be within the past 5 years)

**2,976**Recent Vehicle Buyers

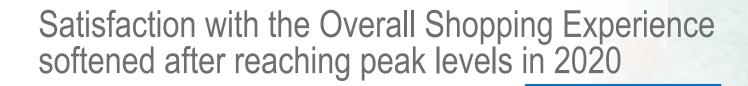
1,998 New Buyers

978 Used Buyers

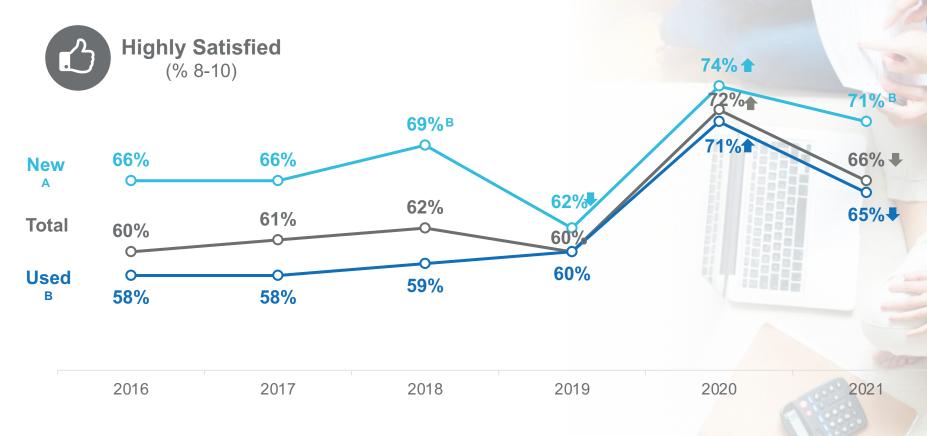
\*Used the Internet during the shopping/buying process. Results are weighted to be representative of the buyer population.











<sup>†</sup> Excludes private sellers

Q602. Thinking back to your entire automotive shopping experience, how satisfied were you with your shopping experience?

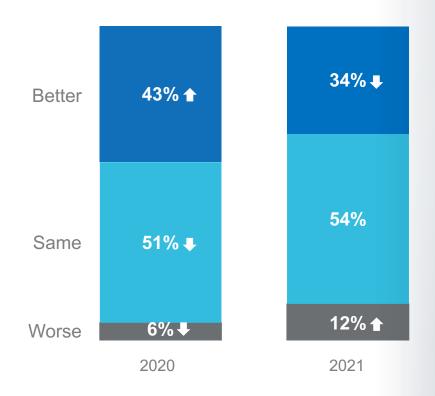


Source: Cox Automotive Car Buyer Journey – 2021

Letters indicate significant difference between groups at the 95% confidence interval Arrows indicate significant difference between years at the 95% confidence interval

## The purchase experience suffered due to inventory frustrations

#### EXPERIENCE WAS BETTER/WORSE THAN LAST PURCHASE



"Seamless experience with online and delivery."

"Everything was streamlined; no time wasted haggling over price; **vehicle was custom-ordered online**; just go to dealership to finalize purchase; wait 2 months for delivery; go back to dealership to pick up vehicle."

"Fewer options and more expensive, thank you COVID."

"There is a **limited selection** of used vehicles and they're **overpriced** because they're in such **high demand**, which wasn't great because I paid in cash so I wanted a better deal."

Arrows indicate significant difference between timeframes at the 95% confidence interval



### Buyers recognized the impact of the chip shortage

2021 BUYER SENTIMENT

39%

**Limited Vehicle** Selection

31%

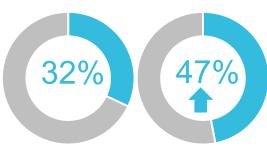
**Prices are Higher** than Expected

48%

Paid More than Initially Intended (Among those who stated Prices **Higher than Expected)** 

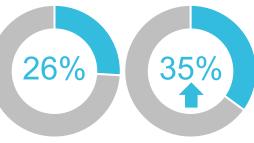
18%

A Dealer/Retailer Contacted With Incentive/Financing Deal, Trade-in/Early Lease Return



Sept'20-Feb'21

Mar'21-Aug'21



Sept'20-Feb'21



Mar'21-Aug'21



Sept'20-Feb'21



Sept'20-Feb'21



Mar'21-Aug'21

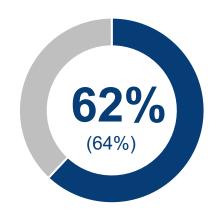
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Research & Market Intelligence



Inflated vehicle prices led to declining satisfaction with Price Paid and Trust in the Deal



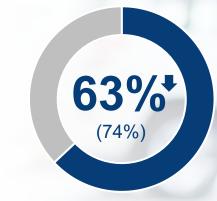


Trust The Dealership/Retailer
Gave Me The Best Deal

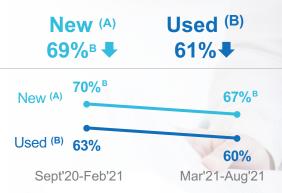
New (A) Used (B) 59%

New (A) 70% B 67%

Used (B) 57%



**Satisfied with Price Paid** 



Arrows indicate significant difference between timeframes at the 95% confidence interval. Letters indicate significant difference between groups at the 95% confidence interval.



Sept'20-Feb'21

Mar'21-Aug'21

### Thriving economy and shift to vehicle ownership spurred demand

Strong U.S. economy – highest annual **GDP** growth since 1984

6% 2021 estimated GDP growth

**Consumers focused on vehicle** ownership spurred by safety and cost

35%

Plan to increase # of vehicles owned/ leased in 5 years

TOP FACTORS FOR VEHICLE **OWNERSHIP VS. OTHER TRANSPORTATION** 







Arrows indicate significant difference between timeframes at the 95% confidence interval.



# Attractive trade-in offers and Needs triggered purchase

Buyers motivated by attractive trade-in or sell value of previous vehicle

NEW (A): 25%B

17% Sep'20-Feb'21

USED (B): 17%

21% **1** Mar'21-Aug'21

Used buyers more motivated by Needs and switched from New due to scarce inventory

63%

Purchase triggered by Needs (45% for New)

150%

Increase in Used buyers who initially shopped New only (2020 vs. 2021)

38%

Shift consideration from New to Used due to chip shortage (among shoppers)





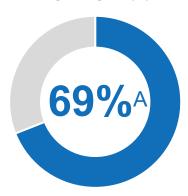
# Mostly Digital buyers were more confident with the price and deal...

SATISFIED WITH PRICE PAID (%8-10)

TRUST THAT THE DEALERSHIP/ RETAILER GAVE THE BEST DEAL (%8-10)



Light Digital (A)



Mostly Digital (B)



Light Digital (A)



Mostly Digital (B)

Light Digital
Buyers completed 20% or less of the steps in their buying journey entirely online

## Mostly Digital

Buyers completed more than 50% of the steps in their buying journey entirely online

Arrows indicate significant difference between timeframes at the 95% confidence interval. Letters indicate significant difference between groups at the 95% confidence interval.



## ...Likely driven by better vehicle selection and less sticker shock



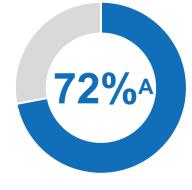
PRICES WERE HIGHER THAN EXPECTED







#### Mostly Digital (B)







Arrows indicate significant difference between timeframes at the 95% confidence interval. Letters indicate significant difference between groups at the 95% confidence interval.



## Mostly Digital Buyers were more satisfied with the shopping experience and time commitment

MOSTLY DIGITAL SATISFACTION (%8-10)

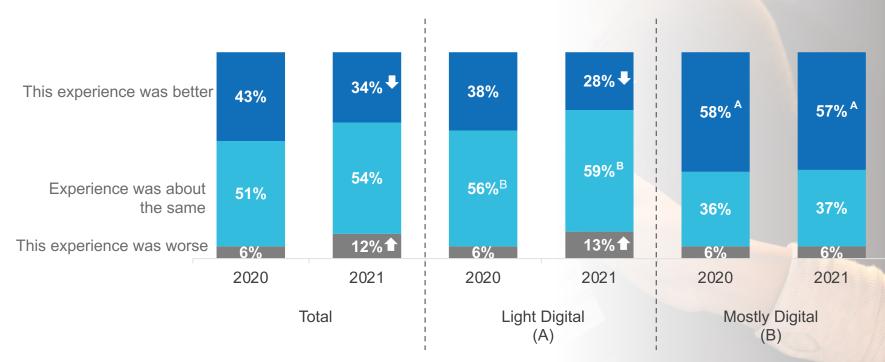


<sup>\*</sup>New question added in 2021. Letters indicate significant difference between years at the 95% confidence interval Arrows indicate significant difference between years at the 95% confidence interval



## Majority of Mostly Digital Buyers weathered the impact of limited inventory

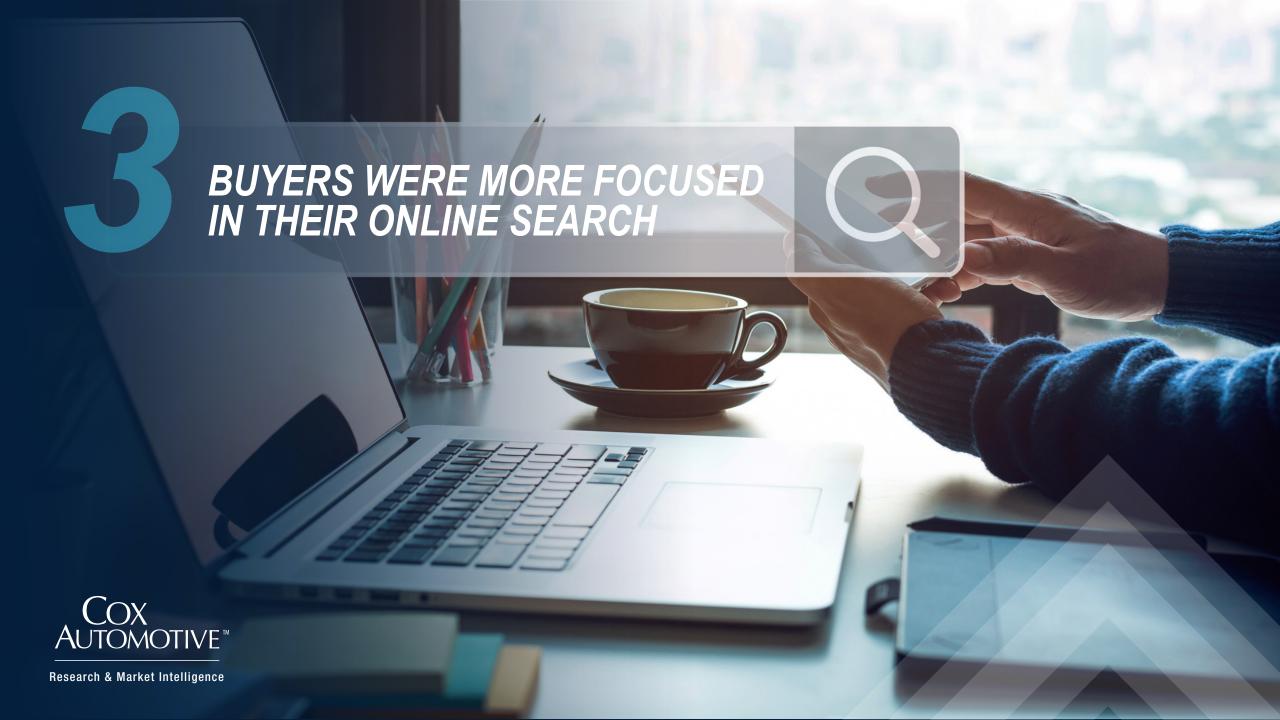




"I didn't have to visit the dealership and feel pressured by salespeople. I was able to choose what I wanted from the comfort of my home and have it delivered."

<sup>†</sup>Asked among those who bought/leased a vehicle previously Letters indicate significant difference between groups at the 95% confidence interval Arrows indicate significant difference between years at the 95% confidence interval





### Buyers spent less time spent shopping online

TOTAL TIME SPENT RESEARCHING AND SHOPPING









Researching & **Shopping Online** 

**Total** 6:51 (-0:23)

5:22 (-0:12) New (A)

7:22<sup>A</sup> (-0:22) Used (B)



Researching & Shopping with Print

0:15 (-0:04)

 $0:22^{B}$  (-0:03)

0:13 (-0:04)



Talking with Others

0:35 (-0:07)

0:34 (+0:05)

0:35 (-0:09)



Visiting Other Dealerships/Sellers

2:09 (-0:12)

2:12 (+0:04)

2:07 (-0:18)



With the Dealership/ Seller Where Purchased

2:37 (+0:00)

2:36 (+0:01)

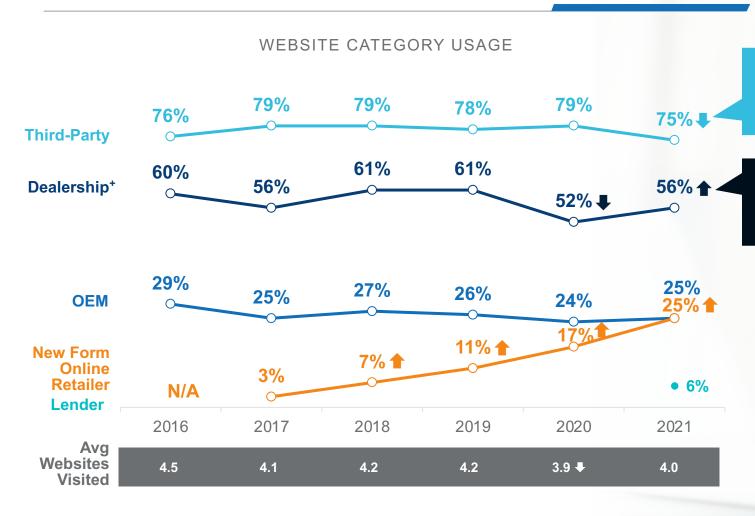
2:37 (+0:00)

Arrows indicate significant difference between timeframes at the 95% confidence interval. Letters indicate significant difference between groups at the 95% confidence interval.



<sup>+</sup>Outliers Removed

### Third party sites were most relied on, however usage slipped when inventory shortages began



Third-Party usage declined when inventory shortages hit...

- 77% Sep'21-Feb'21
- 72% Mar'21-Aug'21

While Dealership usage increased...

- 53% Sep'21-Feb'21
- 58% Mar'21-Aug'21

Arrows indicate significant difference between timeframes at the 95% confidence interval.



<sup>\*</sup>Dealership includes CarMax

### Cox Automotive sites experienced visitor growth



Source: Comscore Monthly Metrics, Sept 2020 to Sept 2021

KBB and Autotrader were widely used

SOURCES USED

COX AUTOMOTIVE<sup>™</sup>

63%

of buyers used Cox Automotive (66% in 2020)

TOP THIRD-PARTY WEBSITES/APPS USED TO RESEARCH & SHOP

Kelley Blue Book

**#2** >



#3 > Autotrader 🐴



#5 > edmunds

#6> CarGurus

TrueCar

Arrows indicate significant difference between time frames at the 95% confidence interval.



### Kelley Blue Book's ICO was the most used trade-in tool

TRADE-IN TOOLS **Used to Dispose of Vehicle Used to Get Offer** 33% 18% **KBB's Instant Cash Offer** 26% 13% CarMax 16% 9% Carvana 5% 4% **CarGurus Instant Market Value** 4% TrueCar Trade 9% 3% **Cars.com In-Person Appraisals** 3% 2% **Trade In Valet** 1% 3% **SNAP TradePending** COX AUTOMOTIVE | Research & Market Intelligence | Source: Cox Automotive Car Buyer Journey – 2021



### Stellar dealer satisfaction prevailed

OVERALL SATISFACTION WITH EXPERIENCE AT DEALERSHIP/RETAILER OF PURCHASET



2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

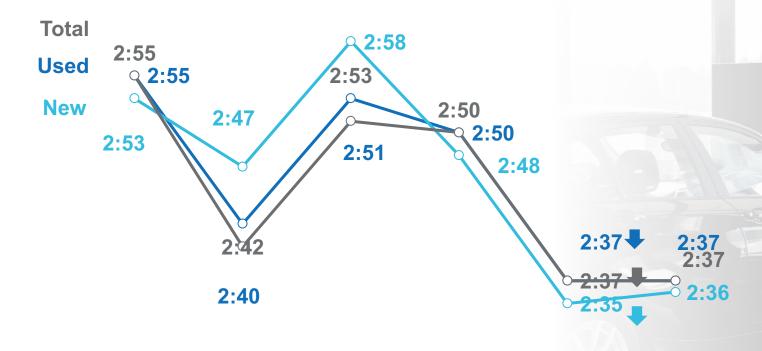
† N/A excluded in 2020/2021.

Arrows indicate significant differences from previous timeframe at the 95% confidence interval. Letters indicate significant differences between New and Used at the 95% confidence interval.



## The benefits of a streamlined process induced by the pandemic helped minimize time at dealership

TIME SPENT WITH THE DEALERSHIP/RETAILER



"(The process) was shorter this time and I didn't feel like I was being haggled by the dealership."

Time spent on each step at dealership were similar year over year

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

+Outliers Removed

Arrows indicate significant differences from 2020 or previous timeframe at the 95% confidence interval. Letters indicate significant differences between New and Used at the 95% confidence interval.

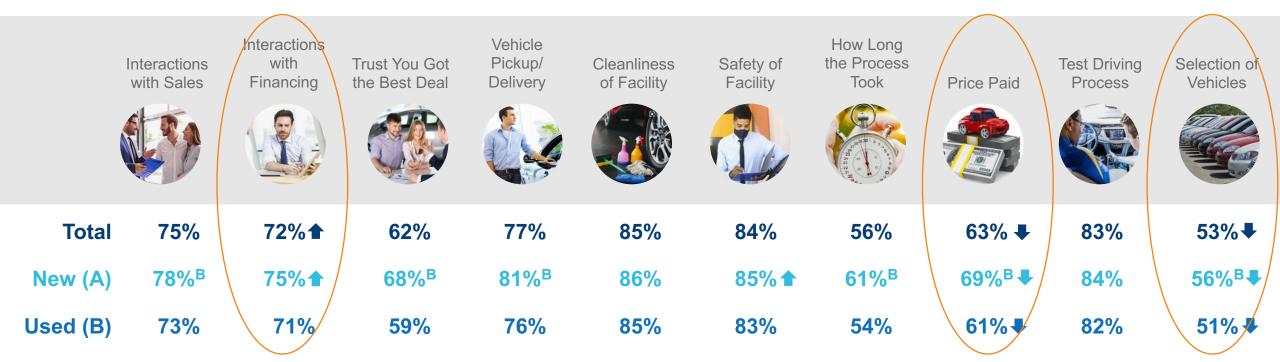


#### Buyers were more content in their interactions with Finance...

**OVERALL SATISFACTION WITH** DEALERSHIP EXPERIENCE 75% (77%) **Total** 

**78%** (79%) New (A)

**74%** (76%) Used (B)

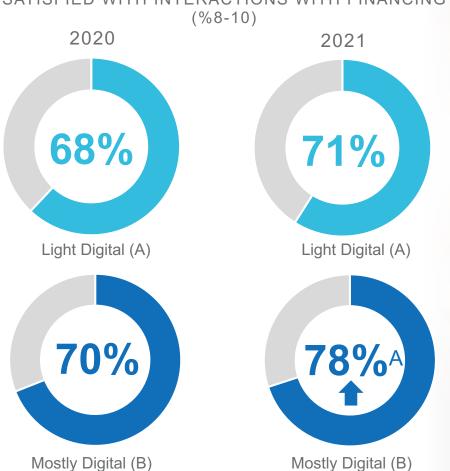


Ordered by Key Drivers of Satisfaction with the Dealership Experience.



# ...Driven by the lift in satisfaction among Heavy Digital buyers

SATISFIED WITH INTERACTIONS WITH FINANCING (%8-10)





Time saved applying for financing online vs. in-person:



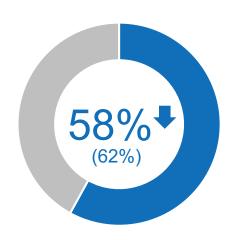
29 mins

Arrows indicate significant difference between timeframes at the 95% confidence interval. Letters indicate significant difference between groups at the 95% confidence interval.



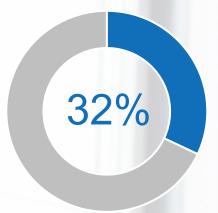
## Focus on rebuilding brand loyalty, which eroded due to inventory pressures

HAVE PURCHASED THE SAME MAKE PRIOR TO THEIR CURRENT VEHICLE



New (A)	Used (B)		
69% <sup>B</sup> <b>↓</b> (72%)	54% (58%)		
Sep'20-Feb'21	Mar'21-Aug'21		
62%	54%		

SWITCH BRANDS CONSIDERING DUE TO CHIP SHORTAGE (AMONG SHOPPERS)

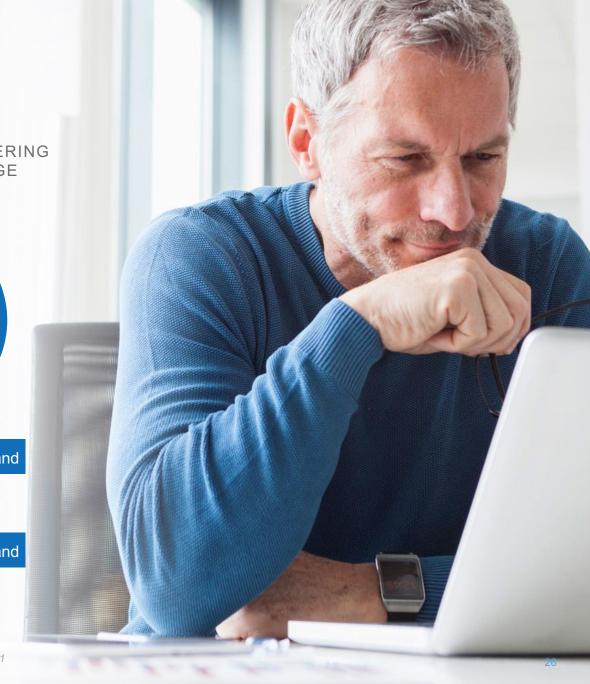


From import to domestic brand

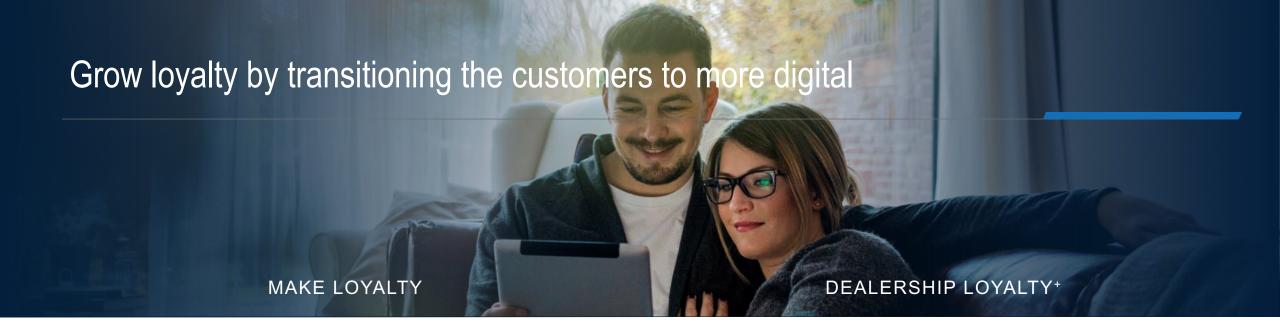
35%

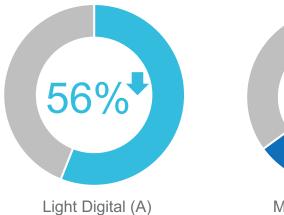
From domestic to import brand

24%



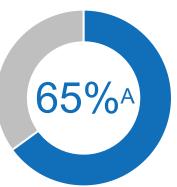








67% 52%

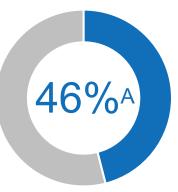








29%



Mostly Digital (B)

66%<sup>A</sup>

37%

NEW

USED

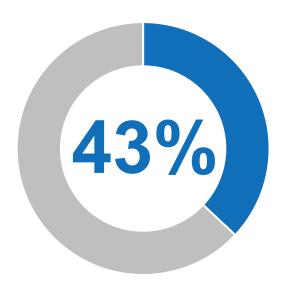
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<sup>\*</sup>Not sure excluded.

Leverage the service department to expand brand loyalty

> PREVIOUSLY HAD SERVICE DONE AT DEALERSHIP WHERE PURCHASED (AMONG BRAND LOYAL BUYERS)



vs. 19% Among Buyers Who were not Brand Loyal





Stay top of mind and promote pre-orders



Dealers who decreased ad spending between 50% and 89% saw sales drop by 28%



About 1/3 of Intenders are likely to pre-order their vehicles



**37% of Intenders** are willing to wait up to 6 months for the right vehicle

### Key Implications

- Despite inventory shortages and the surge in prices, causing a decline in satisfaction with the price and deal, consumers were still very motivated to purchase. OEMs and Dealers must continue to engage customers with compelling messaging to sustain demand and protect loyalty.
- Increase accessibility to Digital Retailing tools. Those who are more committed to virtual tools experienced minimal impact of the chip shortage. Those "all in" on Digital were more confident in the price paid, more content with the inventory selection, and more dealer and brand loyal.
- Buyers utilized dealer sites more once the chip shortage began in search of inventory however third party sites remained the top destination for their shopping needs. Leverage visitation growth of Cox Auto sites and trade-in tools to enhance and expedite the shopper's purchase journey.
- Satisfaction with the Dealership Experience remained stellar, however brand loyalty suffered. Rebuild loyalty by transitioning purchasers to more Digital, influencing current Service customers, and continuing to advertise to stay top of mind.



### Boomers tend to shy away from buying in 2021

#### 2021 BUYER PROFILE

	Total	New (A)	Used (B)		
Male	51%	60% <sup>B</sup>	49%		
Female	49%	40%	51% <sup>A</sup>		
Avg Age	50	<b>53</b> <sup>B</sup>	49		
Gen Z (1996-2011)	3%	2%	4%		
Millennial (1982-1995)	25%	23%	26%		
Gen X (1965-1981)	39%	33%	40% <sup>A</sup>		
Baby Boomer (1946-1964)	29%	36% <sup>B</sup>	26%		
Pre-Boomer (Pre-1946)	4% <b>▼</b>	6% <sup>B</sup> <b>▼</b>	4%		
White/Caucasian	88%	91% <sup>B</sup>	87%		
African American or Black	6%	4%	6%		
Hispanic	12%	12%	12%		
Asian	3%	4%	3%		

	Total	New (A)	Used (B)
Income Under \$75K	38%	28%	42% <sup>A</sup>
Income \$75K+	62%	<b>72</b> % <sup>B</sup>	58%
Have Children	50%	48%	51%

Letters indicate significant difference between groups at the 95% confidence interval Arrows indicate significant difference between years at the 95% confidence interval

